OLD COOK COUNTY HOSPITAL BUILDING CHARRETTE

Unlocking the Value by Unleashing the Market

Lambda Alpha Ely Chapter - Team Bennett







Edward H. Bennett, coauthor of the 1909 "Plan of Chicago



Richard T. Ely, the "Father of Land Economics"

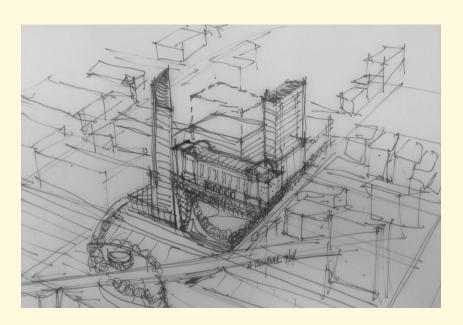
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[Disclaimer: Presentation does not reflect opinions of any organization shown above]



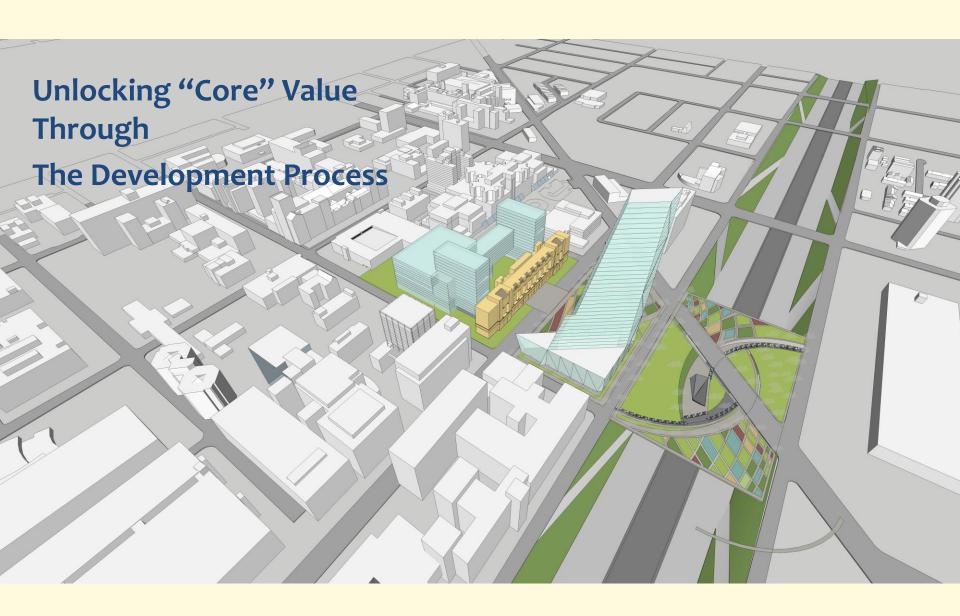




We asked ourselves, "What final development elements would we want to see?"

And we answered:

- Reuse and Reactivation of the Irreplaceable Historic Asset
- Intergenerational Living
- "Global" Medical Destination with signature corporate headquarters
- Iconic Building to Reinforce Identity
- Community Bridges and Gathering Spaces



Next, exploring, "What's possible?" the Bennett team considered the breadth of constituencies invested in this site, including:

- Cook County
- City of Chicago
- State of Illinois
- IMD Leadership
- IMD Neighbors
- Neighboring Community Groups and Associations
- Labor Groups

and the variety of public policy goals implicated by its redevelopment and reuse, including:

- Historic Preservation
- Sustainability
- Public Input/Transparency
- Consensus
- Community Building
- Diversity
- Economic Opportunity/Job Creation







We asked ourselves:

In this universe of potentially unlimited Visions, Visionaries, and Policy Goals for the Development and the Development Process,

What locks and unlocks the property's <u>cash</u> value for the County and County taxpayers?

What determines when that cash value is realized?

And we concluded:

Four RFP features will drive the economic benefits to the County (and taxpayers) in terms of absolute cash flow and time value of money

- Allowable Uses
- Bulk Restrictions
- Specific Regulatory Impositions
- Third Party Consents and Controls

USING ARTICULATION TO UNLOCK CASH VALUE



PREMISE 1: The County will have a greater number and variety of bidders and unlock more cash value from those bidders if the RFP:

- 1. Selectively articulates which development features and restrictions are essential vs. non-essential; and
- Invites bidders to articulate alternative prices as if existing regulatory constraints were lessened or removed.

ALLOWABLE USE AND BULK RESTRICTIONS

PREMISE 2:

Fewer constraints



More bidders,
Higher bids, and
Broader variety of approaches.



POTENTIAL IMPLEMENTATION

- Unlock the subject property from PD 30 and IMD.
- Establish a stand-alone PD
 - with DX-16 bulk?
 - with allowable uses consistent with B3, DX, and RM Districts?
 - subject only to site plan, CDOT, and historic preservation reviews?
- Utilize Sub-areas to fine-tune implementation for specific portions of site.

SPECIFIC REGULATORY IMPOSITIONS

PREMISE 3:

Current constraints



Fewer bidders, Lower bids, and

Less variety of approaches.



- Unlock subject property from regulatory impositions that increase development costs and delay development.
- Selectively limit mandates on green building, historic preservation, affordable housing, prevailing wage, M/WBE, City/County residency, and similar policy initiatives.
- Or, allow for bidders to selectively choose subset. Public/private projects should not have to fulfill every good policy.
- Proactively accomplish legislative amendments and/or administrative waivers identified during planning and bidding stages.

THIRD PARTY CONSENTS AND CONTROLS

PREMISE 4:
Third Party
Consents & Controls





Less variety of approaches, and Delayed realization of revenue, property taxes, community goals, and job creation

POTENTIAL IMPLEMENTATION

- Enable bidders to anticipate a speedier, more certain, and less costly process of third party negotiations and concessions.
- Proactively unlock the site from consent and control rights inherent in the IMD and PD 30 process.
- Proactively negotiate private covenants and CBA(s) with community stakeholders to limit third-party consent and controls.



WHAT SCOPE OF VALUE MIGHT BE UNLOCKED?

Current Constraint	Adjusted Constraint	Potential Increase in Value
FAR of 2 +/-	FAR of 5+/- (or greater)	5 - 10 times higher
Use restrictions	DX, RM, B ₃	Significant, but unquantifiable
Regulatory Impositions	Minimized	10% - 25% higher because of cost savings; plus TMV of 2 - 3 years
Third Party Consents/ Controls	Minimized	10% - 25% higher because of cost savings; plus TMV of 3 - 5 years

WHAT SCOPE OF VALUE MIGHT BE UNLOCKED?



HYPOTHETICAL 15-YEAR PROJECTION

FAR Scenario	Estimated Gross Buildable Area (Square Feet)	Estimated Net Present Value of Project (@ 9% Discount)[3]	Estimated Land Value/ Purchase Price realized by County	Estimated Net Present Value of Property Taxes to all Taxing Bodies (@ 9% Discount)[4]
FAR 2:1 (Existing) [1]	1.3MM	\$ 14MM	\$33MM	\$26MM
FAR 5:1 (Unleashed Market) [2]	3.3MM	\$ 89MM	\$49MM	\$86MM

- [1] Assumes Year 3 Project Start; carrying costs, delayed revenues.
- [2] Assumes Year 1 Project Start
- [3] Both scenarios assume \$15MM rehabilitation of historic façade and \$35MM for community bridge.
- [4] Both scenarios assume no Tax Increment Financing, continuation of current property tax rates.